

MILITARY MOBILITY

WHAT IS MILITARY MOBILITY ABOUT?

Military Mobility is an EU initiative to ensure swift and seamless movement of military personnel, materiel and assets – including at short notice and at large scale – within and beyond the EU. It aims to create a well-connected network, with shorter reaction times, and secure and resilient infrastructure.

The Action Plan on Military Mobility (2022-2026):



Investing in dual use transport infrastructure along the Trans-European Network.



Accelerating, digitalising and streamlining national procedures and processes.



Strengthening the preparedness and resilience of transport infrastructure.



Enhancing cooperation with NATO and promoting dialogue and connectivity with key partners.

WHY IS MILITARY MOBILITY VITAL FOR OUR SECURITY IN AN UNSTABLE WORLD?



It enables the military of the Member States to **react** faster and more effectively, to crises erupting at the EU's external borders and beyond, whether for EU operations or deployments in other multilateral frameworks such as NATO.



It facilitates the improvement of transport **infrastructure** such as roads, railways, water ways and airports that are used by both civilian and military users, to avoid bottlenecks for large-scale transports due to insufficient height or load capacity of bridges and railways, for example.



It helps Member States to remove the delays when granting national **permissions** for military and other ways to harmonise, are aligned. streamline and digitalise procedures so that we can react faster.



It increases synergies not only between existing Union policies but also with closer partners and Allies, including transits across their borders, NATO, to ensure our efforts

The Russian invasion of Ukraine provides a new sense of urgency in ensuring swift military movements within the EU to enable our armed forces to respond quickly to threats or emergencies, and move military aid swiftly.

WHAT IS THE EU DOING TO ENHANCE MILITARY MOBILITY?

The Military Mobility Action Plan for 2022-2026 opens a new chapter in the initiative since the EU launched it in 2017. Building on the progress made, it enlarges the range of actions in light of Europe's changed security situation.

The Action Plan brings together a wide range of EU and national actors. It will be implemented in a coordinated manner at EU-level – by Commission services, the European External Action Service, including EU Military Staff, and the European Defence Agency – in close consultation with EU Member States.



Military Mobility is also supported through the **Permanent Structured Cooperation (PESCO)**. The **PESCO** project on Military Mobility brings together 24 Member States, as well as the United States, Canada and Norway as third state partners, to improve and speed up national procedures.



IMPROVING DUAL USE TRANSPORT INFRASTRUCTURE ALONG THE TRANS-EUROPEAN NETWORK

 The Council approved Military Requirements for Military Mobility including technical specifications. New steps are taken to identify main corridors and logistical hubs along the TEN-T and include the fuel supply chain requirements for military transports.

The EU military requirements that drive the process of improving the dual use transport infrastructure are around 95% identical with those used by NATO.

- The Multi-annual Financial Framework has allocated 1.69 billion EUR for military mobility through the Connecting Europe Facility. The first wave of projects worth 339 million has been adopted in May 2022 and the next call is underway.
- A study will be conducted in 2023 to identify possibilities for short-notice, large-scale movements to improve long-term infrastructure planning and optimal use of this infrastructure.



ADDRESSING REGULATORY SUPPORT MEASURES TO REDUCE THE ADMINISTRATIVE BURDEN AND SPEED UP MILITARY TRANSITS

 Optimising procedures to permit military transits across national borders through the European Defence Agency.

Member States have pledged to reduce the time needed to permit military border crossings to maximum five working days, with the ambition to reduce this further for rapid reaction units.

- Streamlining and digitalising customs formalities to facilitate military cross border movements.
- Developing a digital system for the quick and secure exchange of information related to military mobility with funding from the European Defence Fund worth 9 million EUR.
- Defining a federated IT network to enhance efficiency for military logistics through the European Defence Agency.



ENHANCING PREPAREDNESS AND RESILIENCE OF INFRASTRUCTURE

- Strengthening military strategic lift capabilities of the Member States in line with the first Coordinated Annual Review on Defence (CARD) of 2020.
- Stepping up exercises to test our improvements and identify remaining hurdles.
- Protection against security risks in the transport sector, including cyber-attacks or other hybrid threats, while enhancing climate resilience and energy security.
- Employing EU space-based navigation, secure communication and Earth Observation to the benefit of military mobility.



ENHANCING PARTNERSHIPS

- Ensuring coherence and mutual reinforcement with NATO notably through regular staff-to-staff dialogue.
- Enhanced connectivity with regional bilateral partners and dialogue with strategic partners.

To be eligible for EU co-funding, transport infrastructure projects must be useful for both civilian and defence purposes and be planned along the Trans-European Transport Network (TEN-T).

IMMEDIATELY

Accelerate the implementation of the dual-use transport infrastructure projects by frontloading the military mobility budget in the framework of the Action Plan on Military Mobility and the Connecting Europe Facility.

BY END OF 2025

Finalise the efforts to improve and harmonise cross-border procedures.



BY END OF 2022

Launch an **analysis of the EU transport infrastructure** capability to sustain short-notice large-scale movements.



