## Cross-border passenger rail pilot services, in the framework of the Commission *Action plan to boost long-distance and cross-border passenger rail*

This Question & Answer document complements the *Invitation to submit a proposal for cross-border pilot rail services*, published here:

 $\frac{https://transport.ec.europa.eu/transport-modes/rail/invitation-submit-proposals-cross-border-pilot-rail-services \ en$ 

The answers provided below are intended for information purposes only and do not commit the European Commission in any way.

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### **CLARIFICATION QUESTIONS**

### Is there a more precise definition of the long-distance service?

The invitation document provides the following definition:

"Article 3(15) of Regulation (EU) 2021/782 on rail passengers' rights and obligations provides the following definition: 'long-distance rail passenger service' means a rail passenger service which is not an urban, a suburban or a regional rail passenger service."

Please note that Articles 3(6) and 3(7) of Directive 2012/34/EU provide definitions of "urban and suburban services" and of "regional services" respectively.

However, combinations with and integration of suburban or regional services may be necessary to increase efficiency of the service offer.

When it comes to "faster", what kind of projects/services has the Commission in mind? Shorter travel times for passengers.

# Since there is no dedicated funding for the pilot services, what does the Commission see, from a railway undertaking or infrastructure manager perspective, as the benefits of participation? For example image, publicity, communication purposes?

The Commission, and the European Railways Agency, will prioritise support to applicants to address cross-border obstacles. Assistance could be provided, for example, in the form of coordination of stakeholders and assessment of compatibility with the legal framework. For selected pilot services, applicants can use the status of 'pilot service' for publicity and communication purposes.

### Will the Commission open a service desk for selected pilot services?

During the kick-off meeting between the Commission and selected pilot services, the way of interaction during the pilot will be discussed.

## Would the Commission appreciate to be informally approached by applicants, to give feedback / instructions during the drafting of the proposal?

In the pre-selection phase, applicants can send questions to MOVE-PILOT-SERVICES@ec.europa.eu. Questions and answers will be made available on <a href="https://transport.ec.europa.eu/transport-modes/rail/invitation-submit-proposals-cross-border-pilot-rail-services">https://transport.ec.europa.eu/transport-modes/rail/invitation-submit-proposals-cross-border-pilot-rail-services</a> en

## What does the Commission mean by "innovative practices"? These are not mentioned as a ranking criterion.

"Innovative practices" means applying an approach beyond "business as usual" to remove one or more obstacles to cross-border operations (for example, enhanced application of European rules and less restrictions or requirements stemming from national rules, like train drivers' languages requirements). During the online information meeting, the following examples have been given:

- Coordination of train paths;
- Addressing national and operational rules;
- Development of go-everywhere equipment;
- Advanced implementation of new technology;
- New business concepts;
- Incentives/performance schemes;

### Is a phased introduction of the pilot service allowed?

Yes, this is allowed. At the same time, the cross-border aspect and the added value of Commission support needs to be present in the first stage already.

### Can national and regional governmental bodies be involved?

Yes. In many cases their involvement is expected to be essential to realise the pilot service.

### How many pilot services does the Commission intend to support?

The Commission expects to invite a maximum of 10 selected applicants for a kick-off meeting in the first quarter of 2023. Depending on the availability of resources, the starting date of the selected pilot services and the level of Commission involvement needed, this number can be lowered or increased. Obviously, the Commission strives to support as many pilot services as reasonably possible.

### What support will you provide to pilot services?

Commission support for pilot services can consist of:

- facilitating coordination and contacts;
- help clarifying compatibility with EU legislation;
- help identifying existing or upcoming support tools that could benefit the pilot service;
- promotion of the pilot service;
- etc.

Please see also the first paragraph of section 8 of the invitation document.

No dedicated EU financial instrument is available for pilot services, nor are derogations to existing EU legislation envisaged.

### What can the Commission do to support a new-entrant to find second-hand rolling stock?

The Commission sees the procurement and sales of rolling stock as a commercial activity, beyond the competence of the Commission. Depending on the situation, the Commission can clarify aspects of competition law.

### In case a project has multiple partners, how many proposals should be submitted?

For each pilot service, one proposal should be submitted. For the purpose of this invitation, one partner should be assigned the role of lead partner in order to streamline communication.

# What information does the Commission seek under the following heading in the submission form: "Describe the level of interoperability and TSI compliance to be achieved by the pilot service and challenges to overcome"

Applicants should describe:

- level of interoperability: to what extent is the technical/operational interoperability, needed to operate the cross-border pilot, achieved and what challenges still need to be overcome;
- level of TSI compliance: to what extent is the cross-border pilot service TSI compliant. To what extent is lack of compliance with TSIs hindering delivery of the proposed service. What measures should be taken to deliver full TSI compliance to overcome these problems.

### Will the Commission send an acknowledgment of receipt once the proposal has been sent to the e-mail address indicated?

Yes, you will receive a confirmation e-mail that your proposal has reached the indicated mailbox.

### Can additional documents be submitted in a language other than English?

Additional documents in a language other than English may be added to the proposal. However, the evaluation of the proposal will be solely based on the submission form (parts A and B) which must be completed in English.

# What is the format for submitting the documentation? Should the submission form be replicated in another document following the word limitations indicated?

Yes.

### **ELIGIBILITY**

### Do applicants need a consortium to apply or is that only an option?

Applicants are free to apply as a single entity or as part of a consortium.

## Are "applicants" that are not a railway undertaking, infrastructure manager or competent authority, eligible?

Yes, an "applicant" as defined in Article 3(19) of Directive 2012/34/EU is eligible to submit a proposal.

### Can we propose a pilot service that re-activates a stopped service?

Yes, as long as the re-activation addresses obstacles and includes an enhancement of the previous service (faster, more frequent, more affordable or higher quality services).

### Can we propose a pilot service with a starting date in 2027/2028?

Yes, a pilot service must start by December 2029.

### Are infrastructure projects eligible?

In principle, infrastructure construction projects are not eligible, unless they are done in the framework of a specific cross-border service. Pilots can for example involve the improvement of infrastructure and the optimisation of the operating processes for cross-border long-distance passenger rail services between two or more Member States / third countries in general (e.g. common operating rules agreements between IMs; enhanced cross border cooperation for common cross-border path allocation; safety management system updates).

### Can a rolling stock manufacturer apply for a pilot service?

No, a rolling stock manufacturer would need to team up with a railway undertaking, an applicant, an infrastructure manager or a competent authority.

# Regarding eligible activities, the invitation to submit proposals refers to "new or enhanced" services, where "enhanced" might refer to faster, more frequent, more affordable or higher quality services. Can the Commission elaborate on these enhancement criteria?

The Commission has not chosen for a strict definition of "enhanced". Enhanced should be seen from the viewpoint of the passenger, where "faster" can mean shorter travel times, including by better service integration (combining different operators or categories of rail services, etc.), "more frequent"

can mean more departures per day, per week, per month, per season or per year, "more affordable" can mean a lower ticket price and "higher quality services" can mean improved ticketing, rolling stock, on-board services, on-the-ground services, etc..

### **REQUIREMENTS FOR PILOT SERVICES**

### Do pilot projects need a governance project?

The Commission has no requirements regarding the governance of the pilot service. Commission involvement (topics, frequency, meeting modalities) will be discussed in the kick-off meeting and depend on the obstacles addressed and level of Commission involvement expected by the applicant.

### What, if any, are reporting obligations?

There are no reporting obligations. Selection as a pilot service may involve participation in a small number of (remote) meetings to coordinate between selected pilot services and to present (successful) solutions and approaches to a wider professional public.

### Would DG MOVE expect to attend any governance meeting?

Only where relevant to provide support as requested by the applicant.

### Does a pilot service need to be operated a minimum number of days per year?

No, there is no minimum. The value of a pilot with few operating days can reside in the relevance of the obstacles that it addresses.

#### **TICKETING**

### For ticketing, what would qualify as a third-party?

Ticket availability to passengers beyond the sales channels of the railway undertakings operating the pilot services, allowing increased visibility and enhanced comparability of the offers. This can be done via re-linking (meta-search) or via (re-)sales agreements between railway undertakings and third party ticket vendors.

### Would sales via ATMs (Automated Teller Machine, or cash machine) qualify as a third-party?

Yes, as long as the geographical coverage of the ATMs concerned is relevant for the pilot service and not just limited to offers at stations.

### What if in my geographical area no third-party ticket vendors are active?

In such a case, applicants must flag this as an obstacle they would like to address in the pilot service and indicate their willingness to make pilot service tickets available for third-party sale on a non-discriminatory basis.

### **RANKING CRITERIA**

## Why do you intend to assign more points to pilot services with an earlier starting date? Would this be disadvantageous for new-entrants that would need to procure rolling stock?

The Commission wishes to encourage applicants to start pilot services and address obstacles as quickly as possible; the Commission will therefore prioritise support to mature projects. At the same time, the possibility for starting dates between 2023 and December 2029 allows consideration of pilot services for which the Commission will provide assistance at a later stage.

### Will a proposal score more points if multiple infrastructure managers and multiple railway undertakings are involved?

The score of a proposal is independent of the number or type of partners involved. However, an appropriate consortium composition will help addressing obstacles more quickly or more effectively (e.g. involve all the entity/entities responsible for the main obstacles). Depending on the description of the proposal, this might be reflected in the score on ranking criteria such as impact, relevance of Commission involvement and level of interoperability and full TSI compliance.

## GREEN RAIL INVESTMENT PLATFORM OF THE EUROPEAN INVESTMENT BANK (EIB)

#### What is Green Rail Investment Platform of the European Investment Bank (EIB)?

The Green Rail Investment Platform supports rail investments to help the sector recover from the impact of the pandemic and its aftermath. It also aims at financing of investments due to addressing decarbonisation challenges by expanding electrification and introducing new technologies.

More information can be found here:

Green Rail Investment Platform (eib.org)

### What kind of products does the Green Rail Investment Platform offer to rolling stock project?

EIB offers lending, blending and advisory products of various types. A full list of financial products and services can be found here:

What we offer (eib.org) with further information about each one.

### What is Future Mobility?

Future Mobility is an initiative under the <u>InvestEU (eib.org)</u> backed by a guarantee from the European Commission and can support:

- acquisition of rolling stock for cross-border and long-distance commercial passenger operations;
- cross-border high-speed freight services;
- high-risk deployment of alternative fuel infrastructure;
- initial phases of commercial roll-out of innovative technologies and introduction of smart mobility services, including H2 (hydrogen-powered) or battery-electric fleets and related infrastructure.

### What kind of rolling stock projects does EIB finance?

EIB finances acquisition, modernisation and retrofit of rolling stock, as well as maintenance depots. More information about EIB support to the rail sector can be found here: <u>Rail transport (eib.org)</u> and in the <u>Transport Lending Policy 2022: The Way Forward (eib.org)</u>.

#### Who can benefit from an EIB loan?

The EIB's clients are public and private sector entities. Any projects promoted must be in line with EIB's <u>eligibility criteria</u>, and be financially and techno-economically sound. EIB lends directly to large individual projects. Promoters must provide a detailed description of their capital investment and prospective financing arrangements. Further information can be found in these <u>application documents</u>.

### How to contact the EIB?

Information Desk Tel +352 4379-22000 Contact form: Contact us (eib.org)